

MANY MISHAPS ARE REPORTED

Fourteen Killed by Quarry Caving in New York State.

RUSSIAN BUILDERS BURIED

Three Vessels Get Aground and Are Destroyed, but People Escape.

MANILA STORM IS DESTRUCTIVE

Troy, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Fourteen men were killed today by a cave-in at the Vermont State quarry, about two and one-half miles from Granville, N. Y. Among the dead is J. R. Williams, president of the company. The others were Hungarian laborers. Sixteen men were buried in the cave-in. David Calawallader and Warren Queen, the latter the foreman of the quarry, were rescued. Queen will likely recover. Williams was a prominent citizen of Granville.

ONE HUNDRED ARE UNDER FALLEN WALLS OF HOUSE.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 6.—A five-story building, in course of construction on Meschinskaya street, collapsed today and 100 workmen were buried in the ruins. When this dispatch was filed only seven had been rescued, and they were seriously injured.

THREE SHIPS SUFFER FROM PERILS OF DEEP.

Portland, Ore., Oct. 6.—A dispatch to the Merchants' Exchange from Astoria, Ore., says:

"A vessel is reported ashore at Peacock Spit, at the mouth of the Columbia river. Owing to thick weather, it is not possible to classify the vessel."

Columbia Light Ship Lost.

Astoria, Ore., Oct. 6.—The Columbia river light ship parted from its moorings during a heavy gale today, and drifted on the beach. The crew was saved.

St. Paul Lies a Total Wreck.

Eureka, Cal., Oct. 6.—Fast on the rocks near Port Gordo, the San Francisco & Portland company's steamer, St. Paul, lies a total wreck. Her 93 passengers and her crew of 65 men were taken off safely. It is said that the disaster was due to the thick fog.

TWO TWENTY-FIVE LIVES LOST BESIDES PROPERTY

Manila, Oct. 6.—Government reports give the result of the storm as very serious. At least 200 natives and twenty-five Americans and other foreigners were killed. The loss is incalculable. On Alibay and Sorsogon provinces, 80 per cent of the buildings were destroyed.

No Race Suicide There.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 6.—Mrs. David Johnson, of Kingston, fifteen miles from here, gave birth to nearly all of them boys and her husband has promptly notified President Roosevelt and requested him to name the four youngsters who are said to be well and strong and give promise of living. The birth of quadruplets is a very rare occurrence and nearly every known case they were girls. In July, 1899, quadruplets were born to the 16-year-old wife of James Platt, of Union Mills, Ind. At that time there were only five cases known to exist in this country. Mrs. Johnson's case is the sixth. Two of the sets of quadruplets were born in Illinois and one in Ohio. In Paris, out of 108,000 births in sixty years, there has been but one case of quadruplets.

CHILDREN HAVE DAY AT DOMINION FAIR

New Westminster, B. C., Oct. 6.—Today is Children's day at the great Dominion exhibition and all day, from early morning, the exposition grounds were crowded with children. During the early part of the forenoon the children had games and various field sports, like running, races, jumping, etc., and later there was a competitive drill of the Boys' brigades of Vancouver and New Westminster, while the Highland Pipe band of Vancouver gave a grand concert.

The program for this afternoon includes a concert by the Boys' band of Nanaimo, a grand parade of live stock, balloon ascension and parachute drop and an exhibition of bronco busting. In the evening there will be a grand illumination, a grand concert in the agricultural building by the Boys' brigade band of Nanaimo, and later Highland dancing and music by the Highland Pipers' band of Vancouver. The exhibition closes tomorrow evening.

To Choose Place for Convention.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—The members of the executive committee of the National Educational association met here today for a short conference and will start tonight for the Pacific coast to select the place for the annual convention of the association for next year. The cities to be visited are Denver, San Francisco, Portland and Salt Lake City, each of which has invited the association to meet there next year.

MINERS WILL TRY TO GET TARIFF REDUCED

El Paso, Texas, Oct. 5.—As a result of the development of zinc mines in Mexico, miners in that country are preparing to send to Washington and lobby for tariff revision, admitting zinc ores free. They contend the Missouri supply is insufficient for the United States and it therefore needs no protective tariff.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 6.—Wool market steady; unchanged.

SOCIALISTS TO HAVE COLLEGE

Endowment of \$200,000 Has Been Willed by Mrs. Rand

TO BE USED IN THAT WAY

Rock River Conference of Methodist Preachers Will Hold Today

THREE DIFFERENT ANNIVERSARIES

New York, Oct. 6.—It is announced on behalf of the New York section of the socialist party, that the late Mrs. Edward G. Rand, mother-in-law of Professor George D. Herron, had bequeathed \$200,000 to found a school for socialists. Mrs. Rand, who died recently in Italy, established four years ago a chair of Christian sociology in Iowa college, Grinnell, Iowa, which was filled by Herron. About the time he married Mrs. Rand's daughter. His views were considered too radical for the college and he resigned.

TEMPERANCE, EXTENSION AND EDUCATION CELEBRATE

Freeport, Ill., Oct. 6.—Today is one of the most important days of the Rock River conference of the Methodist church, as it marks the anniversary of the Church Temperance society, of the Church Extension society and the Educational society. This morning the usual session of the conference was held at the First Methodist church and at noon the delegates took luncheon at the Young Men's Christian association. This afternoon, at 2 o'clock, the anniversary of the Church Temperance society will be celebrated. Chairman Alonzo E. Wilson will preside and the Rev. E. L. Eaton of Allamuchy will deliver an address. At 4 p. m. the Rev. A. B. Storms will deliver a lecture on "Browning's Christ."

The anniversaries of the Church Extension society and of the Educational society will be celebrated this evening at the First Presbyterian church, while in the First Methodist church there will be a Grand Army camp fire of the Union Army Veterans association of the Rock River conference and the Freeport Grand Army of the Republic.

N. Y. Sunday School Convention.

Schenectady, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The annual convention of the Sunday School association of the state of New York opened here today with a large attendance, representing every part of the state. The opening meeting today was held in the State Street Methodist Episcopal church, and proved to be highly interesting, owing to the excellent addresses which were delivered by prominent Sunday school workers from different parts of the state. The convention will last three days.

GOLF ASSOCIATIONS HOLD A TOURNAMENT

New York, Oct. 6.—The Tri-City golf tournament for the W. R. Lesley trophy, between teams representing the Metropolitan Golf association, the Philadelphia Golf association and the Garden City club. Each association is represented by a team of ten of its best players and each team is confident of being able to defeat its opponents. The Lesley cup is a new trophy donated by W. R. Lesley, to be played for annually by teams of the three associations mentioned. The contest will occupy two days. The two teams playing today will play ten single matches in the forenoon and five four-ball matches in the afternoon. Each match is to be eighteen holes and is to be played to a finish. One point will be allowed for each match and the team having the majority of points will be adjudged the winner of the contest and will carry off the trophy.

DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY GIVE BALL

San Francisco, Oct. 6.—The annual convention of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, which has been in session here since Tuesday, will reach its social climax in the grand charity ball this evening. Extensive preparations have been made for the event, and the ball promises to be the most gorgeous social event of that kind seen here for many a day. The visiting delegates to the convention have met with the most cordial reception here and have been entertained in various ways. A special car, intended for the use of the visiting ladies in viewing the city, has been furnished by the street car company. The car is decorated with the Confederate colors, in red and white velvet. Many excursions to points of interest in the vicinity of San Francisco have been arranged. Today luncheon was served at the Palace hotel.

TALK OF AN UNDERSTANDING OF RUSSIA WITH GREAT BRITAIN

London, Oct. 6.—Following closely upon the publication of the text of the Anglo-Japanese treaty, has come considerable talk of the possibility of an understanding being reached between Great Britain and Russia. The newspapers are pointing out that if Russia is sincere in her expression of desire for peace in Central Asia, there is no reason why the two ancient enemies should not come to an agreement, which will not only assure peace by clear away suspicious leading to friction, that has existed for years. The Russian ambassador has made frequent calls at the foreign office since his return, a fortnight ago.

OF COURSE!



AT THE CONVENTION OF THE AMERICAN STREET AND INTERURBAN RAILWAY ASSOCIATION IN PHILADELPHIA. A PAPER WAS READ SHOWING THAT THERE IS NO PROFIT IN THREE-CENT STREET CAR FARES.—NEWS ITEM.

POLITICAL CONVENTIONS HAVE ALREADY BEGUN TO ASSEMBLE

Tariff Revision Divides Massachusetts Republicans. New York City Democrats Praise Roosevelt and Renominate Mayor McClellan.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 6.—The state convention of the republican party of Massachusetts was called to order at Tremont Temple this morning by the chairman of the executive committee, J. W. Weeks, a Draper man, was made permanent chairman. The number of delegates who responded to roll call was 1,612, seven less than at the state convention last year. The basis of representation was the same as last year. After the defeat of Brockton Bates last year, it was pointed out that some towns and cities would suffer heavily in the next state convention as a result of "knifing" Bates. On the other hand it was predicted that Worcester and Hampden, that had loyally stood by Bates, would show corresponding gains. The official figures show that Worcester county gained no less than seventeen seats over 1904, the city of Worcester alone gaining eight; Hampden gained five seats, while Plymouth, the home county of Douglas and Bristol, showed great losses.

After the customary preliminaries the chairman of the convention appointed the following committee on resolutions: G. P. Lawrence, chairman; G. E. Kinnard, North Andover; G. E. Keith, Brockton; Willard Howland, Chelsea; and H. M. Phillips, Springfield. Then the convention took a recess until this afternoon. The selection of Congressman Lawrence for chairman of the committee on resolutions was a compromise decided upon in the interest of harmony between the factions and to meet any charge of undue favoritism. Lawrence is regarded as a Götting man. Kinnard is a wealthy manufacturer of salinets, and was a delegate for the state to the last national convention. Keith is a shoe manufacturer, and was formerly mayor of Brockton. Phillips was state treasurer in 1894, and resigned to accept the secretaryship of the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance company. Howland is the chairman of the state board of arbitration. His selection is a compliment to ex-Governor Bates.

There is little doubt in well informed circles that Draper will be nominated for lieutenant governor and Malone for attorney general. Resolutions Committee Favors Moderation. Boston, Mass., Oct. 6.—The factional contest upon the question of tariff revision, especially with reference to reciprocity with Canada, which involved the nomination of a candidate for lieutenant governor, and the preference for several aspirants for the position of attorney general, gave unusual interest to the republican convention today.

The reciprocity delegates, headed by Eugene N. Foss, of Newton, declared this morning that they would insist on a plank demanding the removal of the revenue on hides, iron ore, lumber and wood pulp. The resolutions committee was not willing to go beyond a statement favoring revision and readjustment of the tariff, and the enactment of a tariff provision which shall protect United States exports against discrimination and secure the treatment accorded the most favored nations in all the markets of the world.

Latest from Convention. Boston, Oct. 6.—Lieut. Gov. Curtis Guild was nominated for governor by the republican convention by acclamation. ENTHUSIASM AND HARMONY PREVAIL AMONG DEMOCRATS. New York, Oct. 6.—Political precedent was upset last night at the democratic city convention in Carnegie hall, when resolutions praising President Roosevelt for tact and statesmanship in bringing about the settlement of the Russo-Japanese war, were adopted amid enthusiastic cheering. Perfect harmony greeted the convention, which unanimously nominated George B. McClellan for mayor.

Jerry Simpson Had a Good Night. Wichita, Kan., Oct. 6.—Ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson continues to show improvement. He spent a restful night.

NEW JOB FOR PIERCE

THIRD ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE WANTS A TRANSFER —DIDN'T MAKE A GLOWING SUCCESS AS MAJOR DOMO AT PORTSMOUTH. Washington, D. C., Oct. 6.—A change in the office of third assistant secretary of state, now held by Herbert Pierce, is scheduled, now that Mr. Root has arrived in Washington to assume his duties as head of the state department. Mr. Pierce is a cousin of Henry Cabot Lodge, and his appointment dates from the days of the McKinley regime.

He had his largest opportunity for notoriety, if not fame, in his recent role at national major domo at Portsmouth, N. H., having been selected to attend to the entertainment of the peace envoys. How singularly badly he did that work is testified to by all the people who were stationed there. Mr. Pierce wants a transfer to some diplomatic station abroad, but whether he will secure an appointment as a salute to his removal is not yet determined.

NOTHING STARTLING DEVELOPED IN INSURANCE INVESTIGATION

New York, Oct. 6.—Robert McCurdy, general manager of the Mutual Life Insurance company, was again a witness today in the insurance investigation. The salaries of the company's officers, he said, were fixed by the finance committee. He did not know the president's salary nor did he know that anybody knew besides the president.

The witness said that he, as general manager, made all contracts with the agents. General agents, on the same plan as C. H. Raymond & Co., with whom he once was partner, number seven in the United States, two in Canada and one in Mexico. All foreign agents are general agents. The highest salary paid a general agent was \$10,000 at Chicago. The witness detailed the steps taken in changing the agency system from a commission to a salary basis. The reason for the change, he said, was that the new system was more economical and easier to handle.

Witness also said his impression was that the general agency of Texas received as high a compensation as C. H. Raymond & Co., in New York. Higher commissions are allowed in New York and Texas than anywhere else, because it cost more to get business. The testimony given by the witness of the relationships among the men drawing large salaries and commissions from the Mutual company, created amusement in the committee room.

ALAMOSA BANKER CAN'T BE FOUND

New York Brother Asks Aid of Police in the Search.

ANOTHER BROTHER IS ARRESTED

New York, Oct. 6.—Through the police headquarters an alarm has been sent over the country for Abraham Schiffer, of this city, and part owner of the Alamosa, Colo., bank, which closed a few days ago, after \$200,000 of the funds were reported as missing. Isaac Schiffer, another brother, interested in the bank, was arrested at Alamosa last night on the charge of embezzlement and of receiving deposits after the bank had become insolvent. Herman Schiffer said he knew nothing of any speculation in mining stocks or mines, which is reported to have caused the collapse of the bank.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 6.—The commission in charge of the new office building, which is to be erected for the senate, met today to consider the changes in the plans made necessary to bring the cost of the building within the limits of the appropriation for it. The situation concerning the building is rather peculiar. If the most expensive building materials be used, the great structure cannot be built for the sum of \$2,250,000, appropriated for the purpose. Now the original plans provided that the east section of the building should be left out, but this would necessitate the closing up of the building in the future, which would cause considerable additional expense. It would be a makeshift, however, and would make it impossible to use some cheaper building stone for the walls of the court and thus keep down the expenses. The architects will submit a number of plans and propositions, so changing the original plans as to bring the cost of the structure within the limits of the appropriation.

MUST CHANGE PLANS OF SENATE OFFICE

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Important Reforms Planned. Washington, D. C., Oct. 6.—The department of commerce and labor is planning extensive reforms and a complete reorganization of the steamboat inspection service, with possibly a re-inspection of a number of vessels and a weeding out of the personnel of the service. Ever since the General Slocum disaster and the investigation followed, Assistant Secretary Lawrence O. Murray has been devoting time and thought to this subject, and it is reported on good authority that Secretary Metcalf has finally given his consent to certain reforms which Mr. Murray seeks to introduce. No official announcement has yet been made, but it is expected within a few days.

THIRTEEN HAVE BEEN FOUND

And Forty More Are Being Drawn, is the Writ Record

SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT

And Bank President Dougherty of Peoria, Ills.—Denver Bank President

RETURNS WITH COLORADO OFFICER

Peoria, Ill., Oct. 6.—A total of thirteen indictments have thus far been returned against Newton C. Dougherty, city superintendent of schools and president of the Peoria National bank. Ten of them are for embezzlement and three are for forgery. Forty more are being drawn by the state attorney's office.

PRESIDENT OF DENVER SAVINGS BANK RETURNS

Kansas City, Oct. 6.—Charles B. Willey, former president of the Denver Savings bank, against whom indictment was returned in that city recently, will leave for Denver tonight or tomorrow in custody of an officer from Colorado.

STEAMERS MAY LEAVE NEW YORK FOR DOCKS

New York, Oct. 6.—One of the many serious questions which confront the city of New York and one upon the proper solution of which depends, to some extent, the future of the city as a commercial port, is the dock question. The enormous shore line of the islands upon which Greater New York is built offers seemingly unlimited dock facilities and it seems reasonable to assume that not for many decades to come will there be any lack of dock facilities to satisfy the steamship companies, whose steamers sail from New York and dock here, are seriously considering the plan of changing their terminals on New York to some other city, where they can obtain dock facilities in accordance with the increasing size of the steamers used in the trans-Atlantic traffic. The United States government has refused the request to extend the depth of the steam docks, because it was feared the lengthening of the piers would interfere with river navigation. To accommodate the enormous steamers there is, under the circumstances but one way, by purchasing additional land and extending the slips on the shore side. Several of the steamship companies tried to obtain such land, but the prices demanded were absolutely prohibitive. The Allan Line of steamers, plying between New York and Glasgow, has practically decided to change its American terminal from New York to Boston. The principal reason given is that the company controlling the line has been unable to renew its lease on the docks at the foot of West Twenty-first street at a reasonable figure, and he also found it impossible to lease any dock property from the city at any but prohibitive figures. It is quite probable that other steamship companies will follow the example of the Allan line.

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AGED MAN WON'T PLEAD NOT GUILTY

Houston, Texas, Oct. 6.—Pleaded with from the bench by Federal Judge McDermott to withdraw his plea of guilty, offered the services of an attorney free of all costs, white-haired William McDermott, 60 years old, insisted upon his plea of guilty on the charge of counterfeiting, and asked immediate sentence. He was sent to Leavenworth prison for thirteen months. McDermott had coined twenty nickels just to see if he could.

WIDOW OF COLORADO PIONEER DIED TODAY

Greeley, Colo., Oct. 6.—Mrs. Avilla D. Meeker, widow of N. C. Meeker, who was the founder of the Greeley colony and who was killed by the Indians, died today at the home of her son, Ralph, in White Plains, N. Y.

MICHIGAN POSTOFFICE IS LOOTED TWICE

Marquette, Mich., Oct. 6.—One hundred dollars in stamps and cash were stolen from the postoffice at Brimley, Chippewa county. It was the second robbery at the place within two weeks.

KIDNAPERS TURN LOOSE ITALIAN BOY

New York, Oct. 6.—The abandonment of Tony Marenchino by the persons who kidnaped him and held him for ransom, and the return of the little Italian boy to his parents last night, has given a clue to the kidnapers. The boy, who is six years old, was abandoned on a trolley car and was turned over to the police.

NEW SUPERINTENDENT AT BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 6.—Joseph Durfee, the new superintendent of the Easley steel plant, Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad company, has taken charge of the works. While there has been anticipation that a number of changes would follow the change in the superintendency of the plant, so far there are no announcements. It is given out with considerable authority that no effort will be spared to keep up the production at this industry. President Don H. Hixon, of the Tennessee company, with the new superintendent, has made a full inspection of the big steel works.

WHITE HOUSE ANNALS TODAY

Cabinet Holds Meeting on the Chinese Question. President Appoints

CHARLES W. RUSSELL TO BE

Assistant Attorney General. General Moody Will Bring Suit for Monopolistic

USE OF THE ST. LOUIS BRIDGES

Washington, D. C., Oct. 6.—At a cabinet meeting today the Chinese question was discussed.

RUSSELL TAKES LARGE STEP OF PROMOTION.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 6.—President Roosevelt today appointed Chas. W. Russell, formerly a special assistant attorney general in charge of the insular bureau of the department of justice, to the office of assistant attorney general, vice William D. Purdy, recently promoted to be assistant to the attorney general.

EXCLUSIVE BRIDGE USE AT ST. LOUIS PROSECUTED.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 6.—Upon leaving the White House today, after a session of the cabinet, Attorney General Moody said: "It was determined by the president that on a complaint pending in the department of justice against the monopolization of the bridges and ferry across the Mississippi into St. Louis, appropriate action should be begun by the attorney general."

ROCKEFELLER WILL FOUND FOUNDLING

Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 6.—A home for foundlings, with infant incubators, will be erected by John D. Rockefeller for the Cleveland Humane society. "I am opposed to race and social distinctions," Mr. Rockefeller is reported to have said, in announcing his plans to the society officers.

EPISCOPAL RECTOR ON HATLESS WOMEN

New York, Oct. 6.—Dr. Edward L. Stoddard, rector of St. John's Episcopal church, has stirred up a tempest in the teapot by his recent decree against the custom of women to come to church without hats. Dr. Stoddard wrote an article, which was published in St. John's Church Bulletin, copies of which were placed in every pew at the morning service. Dr. Stoddard based his objection to "hatless" women on the seventh of women of the Corinthians. In which St. Paul distinctly forbids women to remain bareheaded in church. The reason for St. Paul's objection, Dr. Stoddard says, is that the chief glory of woman is her hair, and naturally she devotes much time to its care. It is one of the chief vanities and therefore, she should not display it in church. The edict of the rector has caused considerable comment among the feminine members of the congregation. His position is criticized as illogical. It is admitted that the beauty of some women's hair may detract the attention of impressionable men from the sermon, but it is pointed out that the beauty of some hats worn in church have the same effect upon most women as a woman's beautiful hair would have upon some men. Easter bonnets were not in use in St. Paul's time and his objection to bareheaded women, therefore, is antiquated.

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